Connecticut United Ways 2024 ALICE Policy Agenda



ALICE stands for **A**sset Limited, Income **C**onstrained, **E**mployed. In Connecticut, 39% of households live below the ALICE Threshold, the minimum amount of income needed to live and work in the modern economy.

CREATE A PERMANENT, FULLY REFUNDABLE CONNECTICUT CHILD TAX CREDIT (CTC).

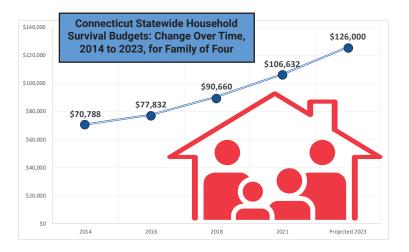
- The situation is urgent. Since 2021, the ALICE Essentials Index shows 18% inflation in the cost of household basics. This blow is combined with the loss of pandemic-era federal benefits that supported ALICE families.
- A 100% refundable credit means that families who do not have a tax liability would receive the full value of the credit.
- Eligibility: up to \$100,000 annual income for a single filer, \$200,000 for joint filers.
- Estimated cost of a child tax credit of \$600 per child up to three children: \$300 million per year (individual family benefits and total policy cost depend on income phaseout schedule).

2 CONTINUE FREE, HEALTHY SCHOOL BREAKFASTS FOR ALL CONNECTICUT STUDENTS AND LEVERAGE FEDERAL FUNDS TO EXPAND NO-COST SCHOOL MEALS.

Our kids should have what they need to learn. Providing students with adequate nutrition is essential for success in school, just like school buses, textbooks and technology.

- Annualize the \$16 million allocated in the 2023/24 school year to provide no-cost school breakfast for all Connecticut students in participating districts.
- Leverage federal funds to cover most of the cost to expand no-cost school meals — state funds fill only the gap between federal reimbursement and actual costs.

A permanent CT CTC of \$600/child would provide dependable, flexible income to approximately 250,000 CT households and 350,000+ children.



No-cost school meals help ensure Connecticut kids are ready to learn and have the nutrition needed to be healthy.



INVEST IN 24/7/365 ACCESS TO MORE THAN 40,000 BASIC NEEDS RESOURCES FOR CONNECTICUT RESIDENTS.

211 I&R is an essential "one stop shop" connecting residents to multiple resources to meet their urgent needs.



- Steep increases in prices, increased levels of need: people are turning to 211 for help more than ever.
- 211 is a "force multiplier" maximizing public and private basic needs supports available right now for Connecticut residents.
- An additional \$1.25 million in new funding would allow 211 I&R to:
 - Serve more residents to meet current demand
 - Decrease hold times

Connecticut United Way's 2023 ALICE Report is a datadriven, comprehensive



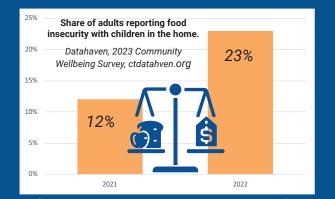
research report that provides a look at financial hardship for households across Connecticut that are **ALICE** -- **A**sset Limited, Income **C**onstrained, **E**mployed.

The report shows that the total number of households living paycheck to paycheck or falling behind rose by 11% between 2019 and 2021.

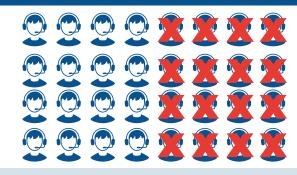
The ALICE Essentials Index, which measures change over time in the cost of household essentials, projects an **18.2% increase statewide** in basic costs from 2021 to 2023. For the average Connecticut household, depending on available tax credits, **basic costs could be as high as \$39,000 annually for a single adult and \$126,000 for a family with two adults and two young children**.

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Food insecurity has nearly doubled for families with children, while 211 frontline staff has decreased.



Flat funding since FY2010 means 211 has lost frontline staff needed to answer Connecticut residents' calls.



Connecticut Household Survival Budget 2021

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	2 Adults 1 Infant 1 Preschooler
Housing – Rent	\$801	\$1,111
Housing – Utilities	\$154	\$292
Child Care	-	\$2,188
Food	\$499	\$1,360
Transportation	\$357	\$834
Health Care	\$241	\$815
Technology	\$75	\$110
Miscellaneous	\$213	\$671
Tax Before Credits	\$420	\$1,505
Monthly Total	\$2,760	\$8,886
ANNUAL TOTAL Before Credits	\$33,120	\$106,632
Full-Time Hourly Wage*	\$16.56	\$53.32
Tax Credits (CTC and CDCTC)	-	(\$15,204)
ANNUAL TOTAL with Credits	\$33,120	\$91,428
Full-Time Hourly Wage	\$16.56	\$45.71

*Hourly wage needed, for one worker or for two workers, to cover the Household Survival Budget working full-time (40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).